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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/733,002	12/11/2003	John Scott Gibson	8289	
7:	590 11/26/2004		EXAMINER	
Donald W. Meeker			SAKRAN, VICTOR N	
Patent Agent 924 East Ocean	Front #E		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
Newport Beach, CA 92661			3677	
			DATE MAILED: 11/26/2004	4

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summer.	10/733,002	GIBSON, JOHN SCOT	Т				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	VICTOR N SAKRAN	3677					
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	n appears on the cover sheet w	th the correspondence address	; 				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR R THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATI - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 C after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory p - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a ron. a reply within the statutory minimum of thir period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON statute, cause the application to become AE	eply be timely filed y (30) days will be considered timely. THS from the mailing date of this communications ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ication.				
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	11 December 2003.						
2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ⊠	This action is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-3,8 and 9</u> is/are rejected.							
7)⊠ Claim(s) <u>4-7 and 10</u> is/are objected to. 8)☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction a	and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Exa 10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 11 December 2003 Applicant may not request that any objection to Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the control of	3 is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ o the drawing(s) be held in abeyar orrection is required if the drawing	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.1	• -				
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		·					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fo a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents. Certified copies of the priority documents. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International B	ments have been received. ments have been received in A priority documents have been ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stage	e				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a second sec	a list of the certified copies not	received.					
1) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		Summary (PTO-413)					
 Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-94 Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/S Paper No(s)/Mail Date 		s)/Mail Date nformal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	•				

Art Unit: 3677

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claim 1, is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being clearly anticipated by Kleinmann U. S. patent No. 6,338,186; see Figures 2, 4, 7-11; column 3, lines 28-34; column 4, lines 27-37, and claim 10.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

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The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 1-3 and 8, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable

over Kleinmann '186 in view of Edens U. S. patent No. 4,571,854.

Klienmann discloses Applicant's claimed combination of a lace trapping device for retaining the tie end s of lacing on a footwear comprising a lace trapping element adapted to attached to the tied ends of the lacing and spaced from the knot forming the tied ends of the lacing, wherein said lace trapping element is provided with openings to receive the tied ends of the lacing and adapted to close over said tied ends and securing the tied ends therein including a securing means (30,31) formed in one end of the lace trapping elements for releasably engaging the other end of said lace trapping element to bind the lace trapping element to over the tied ends of the lacing; see

Figures 2, 4, 7-11; column 3, lines 28-34; column 4, lines 27-37, and claim 10, except that the reference to Kleinmann does not use a strip of material including hook and loop fasteners. Edens teaches the use of a lace trapping device formed of a strip of flexible material including securing means comprises mating hook and loop fasteners; see

Figures 1-6, and the abstract. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in

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the art at the time the invention was made to form the lace trapping device in Kleinmann of a strip of flexible material and substituting hook and loop fasteners for its securing means (30,31) in the manner taught, disclosed and suggested by Edens, especially, since such modification involves only routine skill in the art.

Claim 9, is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over the same references as applied to claim 1, above, and further in view of Lin who teaches the use of two strips of flexible material, each secured at one end to one side of the lacing, wherein one side of the strip flexible material is adapted of overlapping the other side of said strip flexible material including hook and loop fasteners on each of said strips; see Figures 3, and column 1, lines 45-56, and to further incorporate such structure in Kleinmann in order to perform the desired function of having two strips of flexible material mounted on opposite sides of the lacing for securing the tied ends of the lacing in the manner taught, disclosed and suggested by Lin, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made.

Furthermore, Applicant is reminded that in considering the disclosure of a reference, it is proper to take into account not only specific teaching of the reference but also the inferences which one skilled in the art would reasonably be expected to draw therefrom; see In re Preda, 401 F2d 825, 826, 159 USPQ 342,344 (CCPA1968).

Moreover, the particular location and/or the arrangement selected of an elements is considered to be no more than an obvious matter of design choice to one

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having ordinary skill within the art, especially, since it has been held that rearranging pa an invention is involves only routine skill in the art. See In Re Japikse, 86 USPQ 70.

Claims 4-7, and 10, are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Applicant's attention is directed to the prior art cited herein, and of record, as showing structure related to Applicant's disclosed invention.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to VICTOR N SAKRAN whose telephone number is 703-308-2224. The examiner can normally be reached on 6:30 AM - 5:00 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, J. J. swann can be reached on 703-308-4115. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

November 17, 2004

VICTOR N SAKRAN Primary Examiner Art Unit 3677